A: Datasheet

Algorithm: neurotechnology_012

Developer: Neurotechnology

Submission Date: 2022_06_07

Template size: 256 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 669 msec

Template time (median): 686 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 813 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 8 (out of 353) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0010 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Mugshot webcam ranking 19 (out of 315) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0078 vs. lowest 0.0056 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 9 (out of 284) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0630 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa–border ranking 2 (out of 242) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0009 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa–kiosk ranking 9 (out of 239) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0570 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 37 (out of 353) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0068, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0014 from sensetime_007
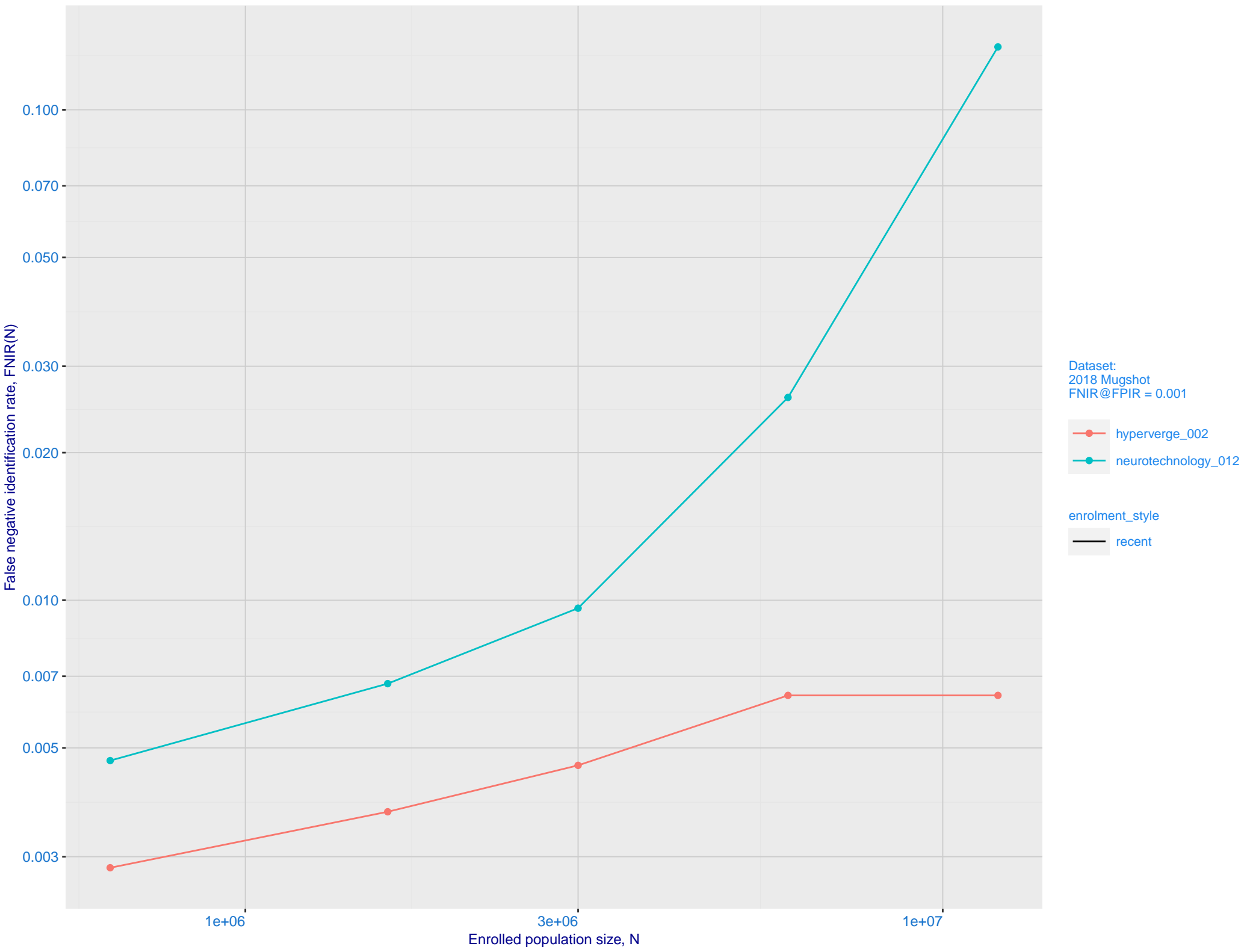
Mugshot webcam ranking 42 (out of 313) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0323, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0093 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 78 (out of 283) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9603, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1093 from cloudwalk_mt_000
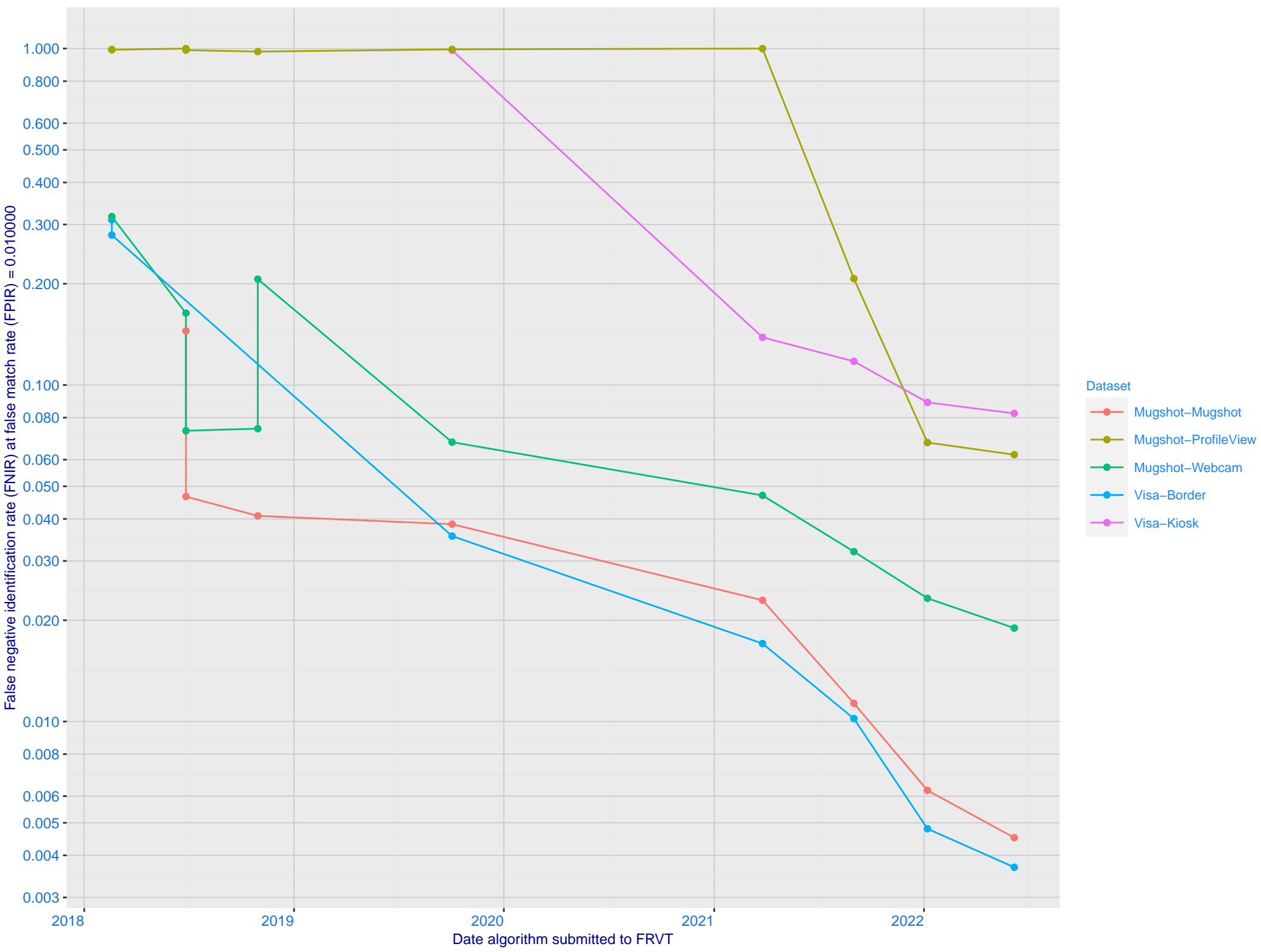
Immigration visa–border ranking 30 (out of 241) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0085, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0024 from cloudwalk_mt_000

Immigration visa–kiosk ranking 186 (out of 236) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9299, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0719 from cloudwalk_mt_000
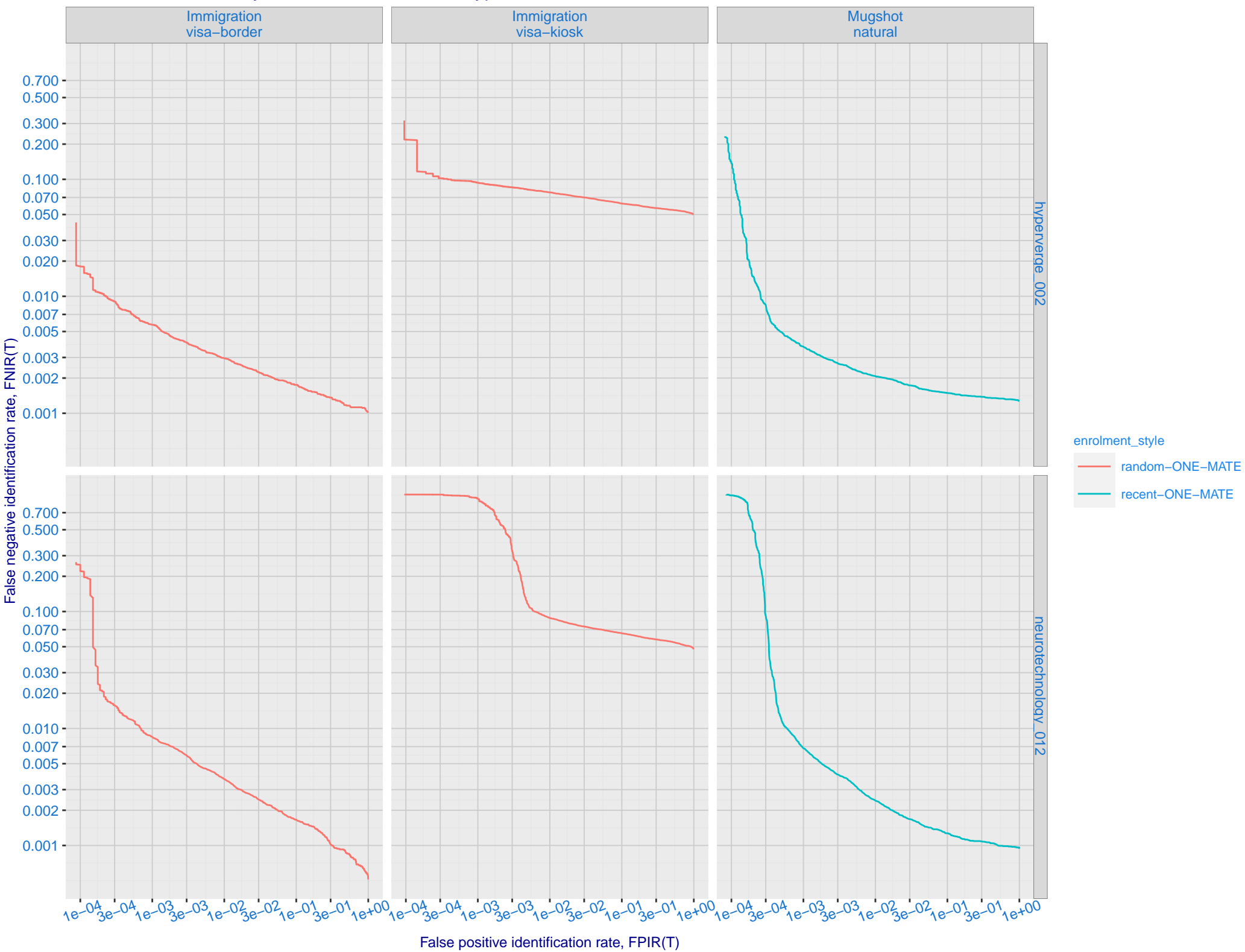
B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (hyperverge_002)
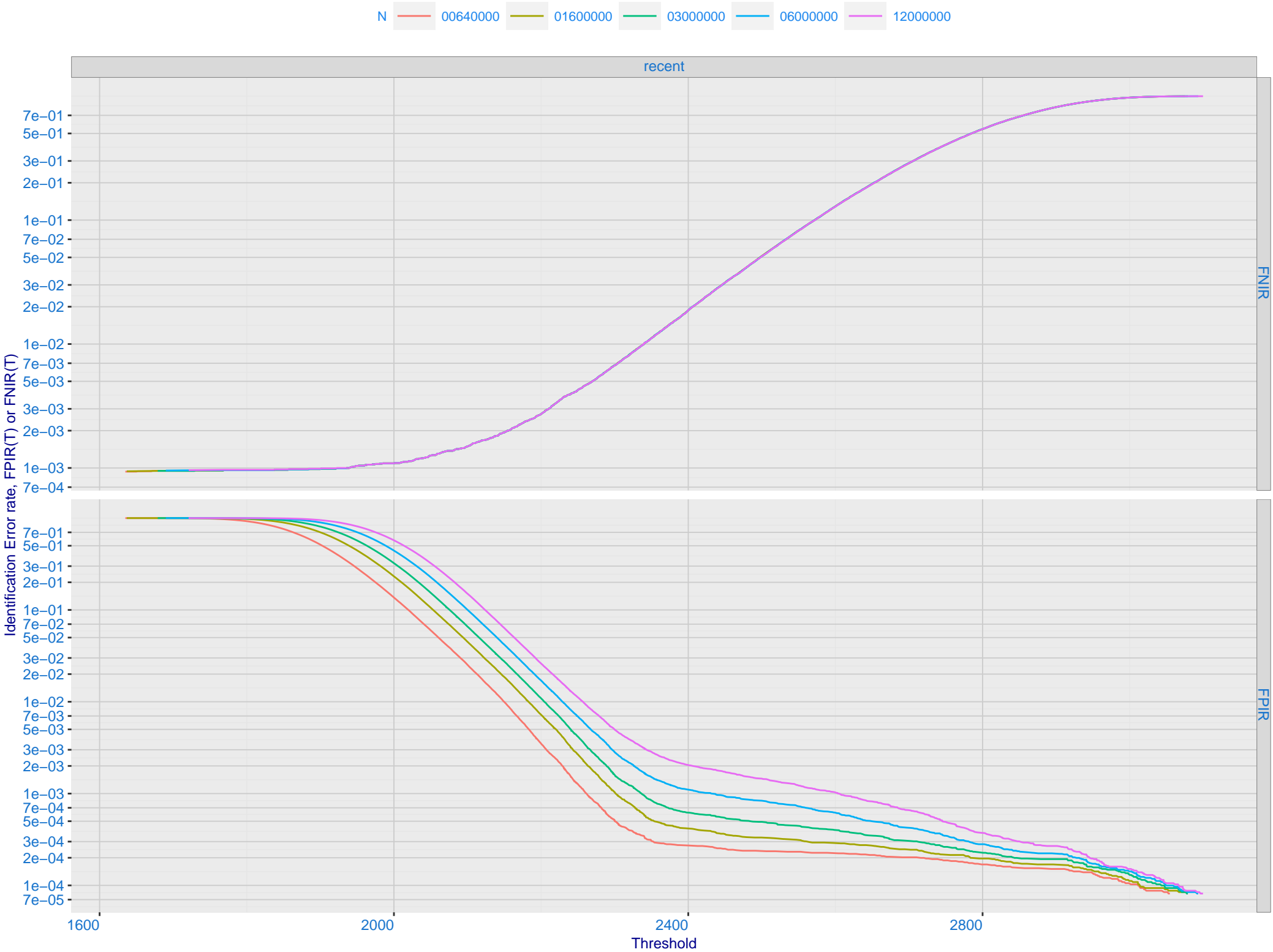
C: Evolution of accuracy for NEUROTECHNOLOGY algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present
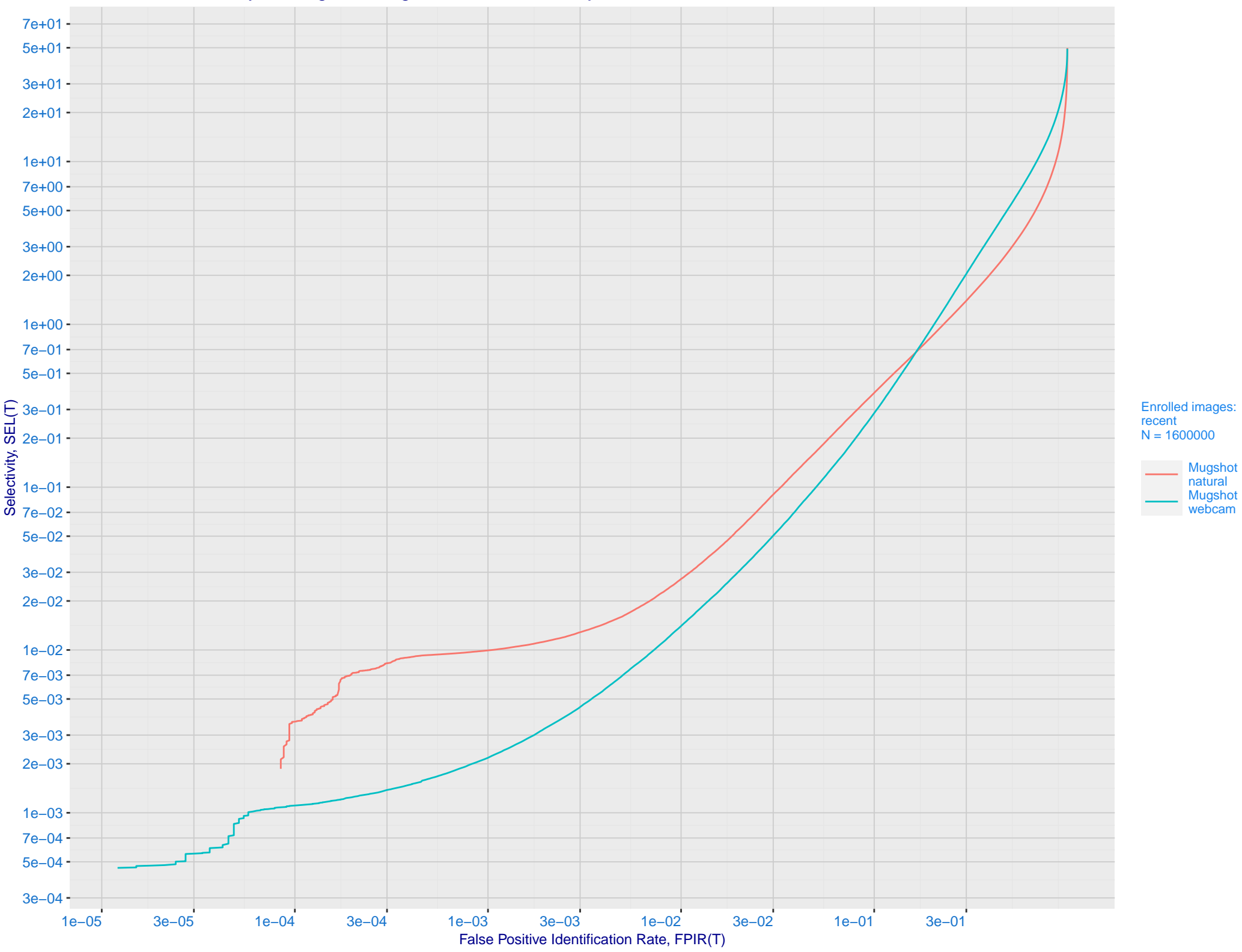
D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals
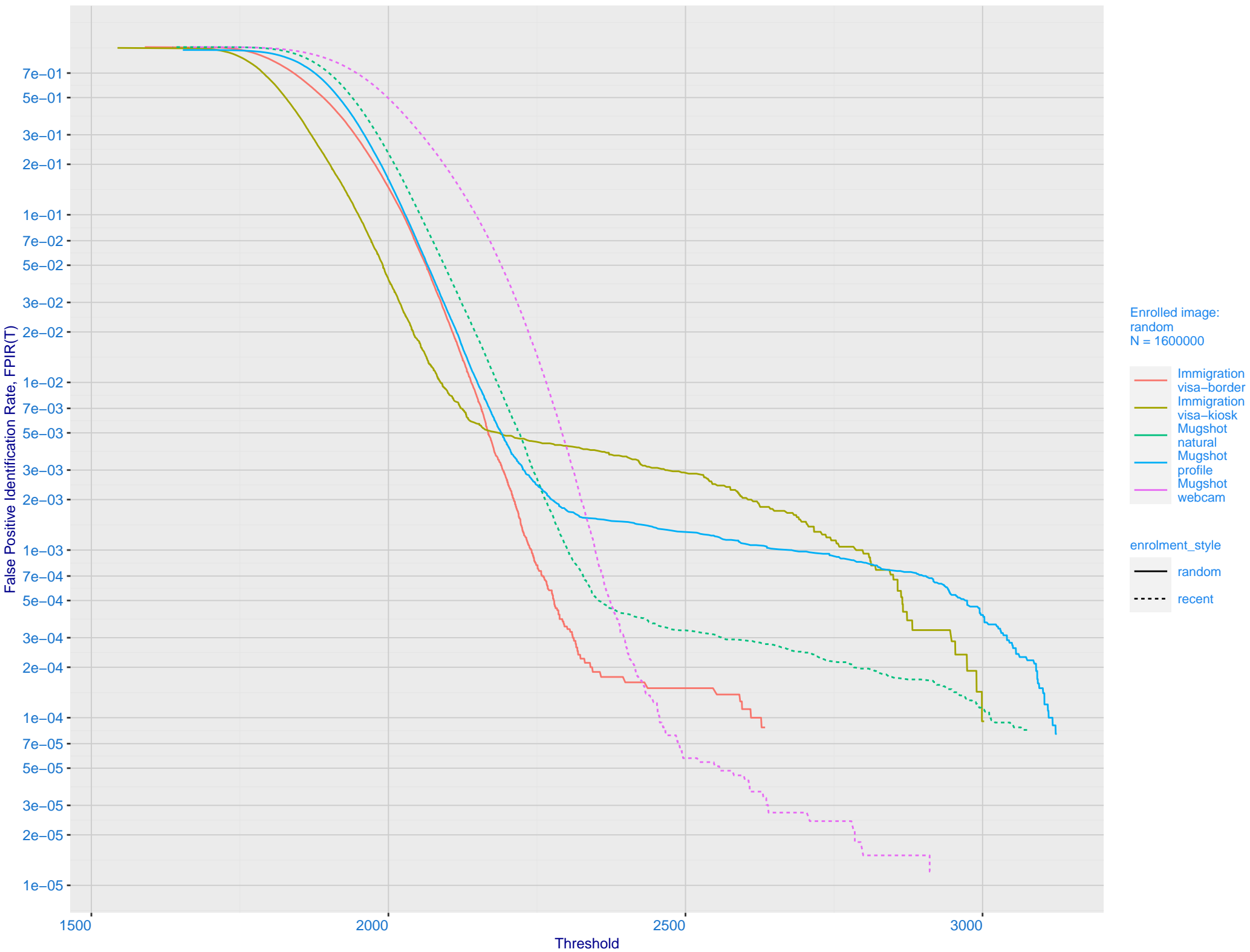
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images

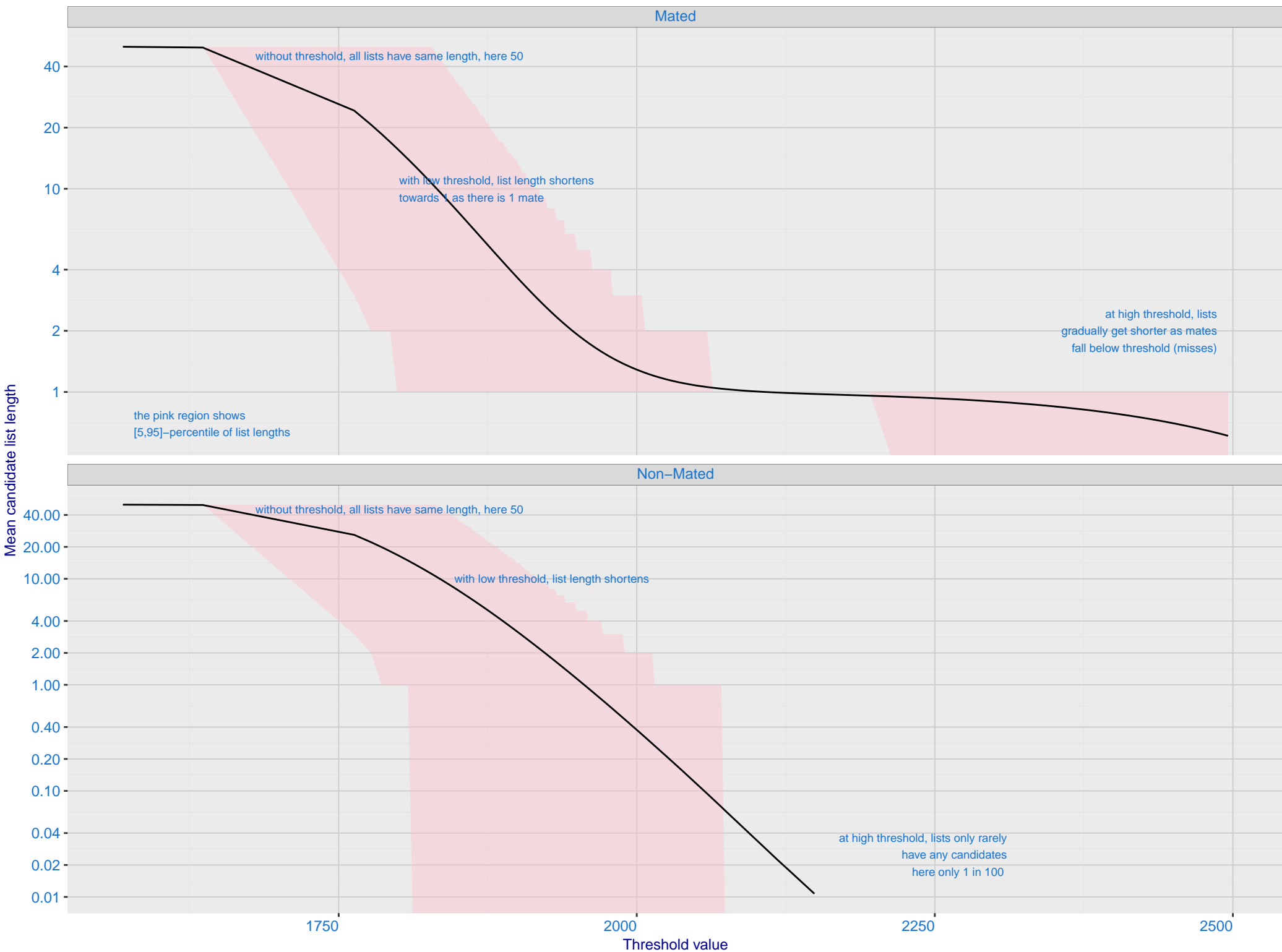F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

Enrolled images:
recent
N = 1600000

Mugshot
natural
Mugshot
webcam

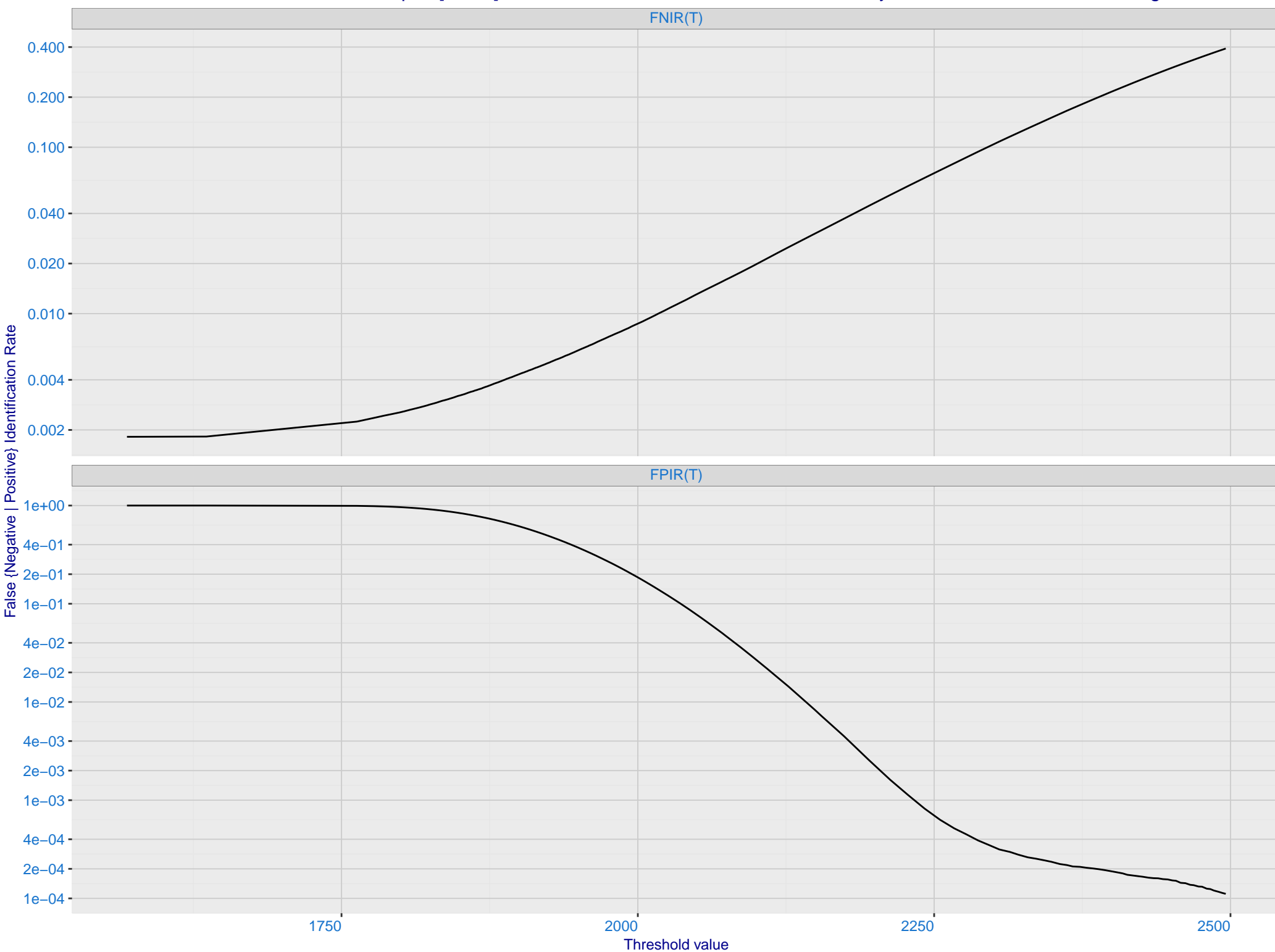G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects

H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review
Dataset is border−border with time−lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10−15 years later than enrollment image

Mated

without threshold, all lists have same length, here 50

with low threshold, list length shortens
towards 1 as there is 1 mate

at high threshold, lists
gradually get shorter as mates
fall below threshold (misses)

the pink region shows
[5,95]−percentile of list lengths

Non−Mated

without threshold, all lists have same length, here 50

with low threshold, list length shortens

at high threshold, lists only rarely
have any candidates
here only 1 in 100

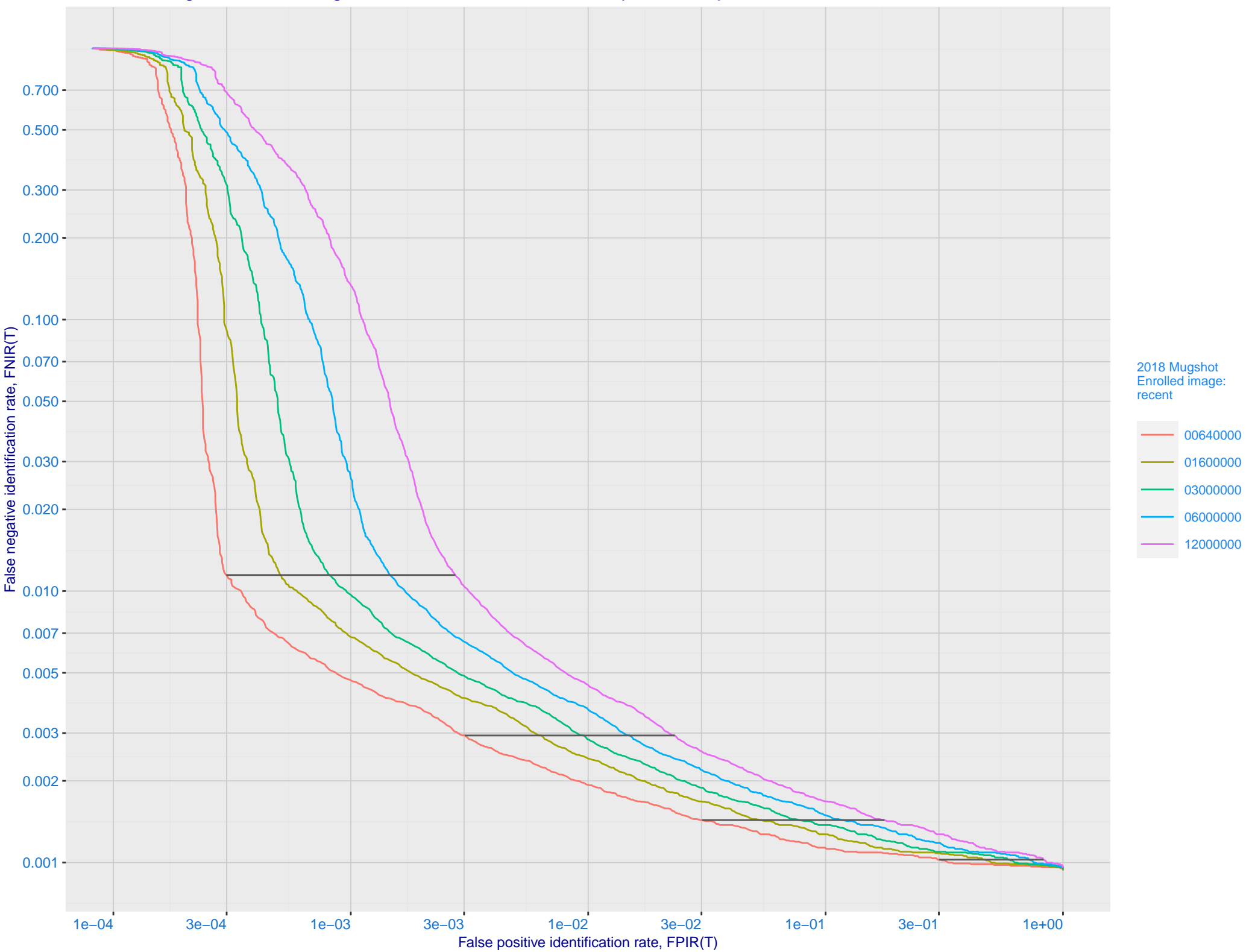Mean candidate list length

Threshold value
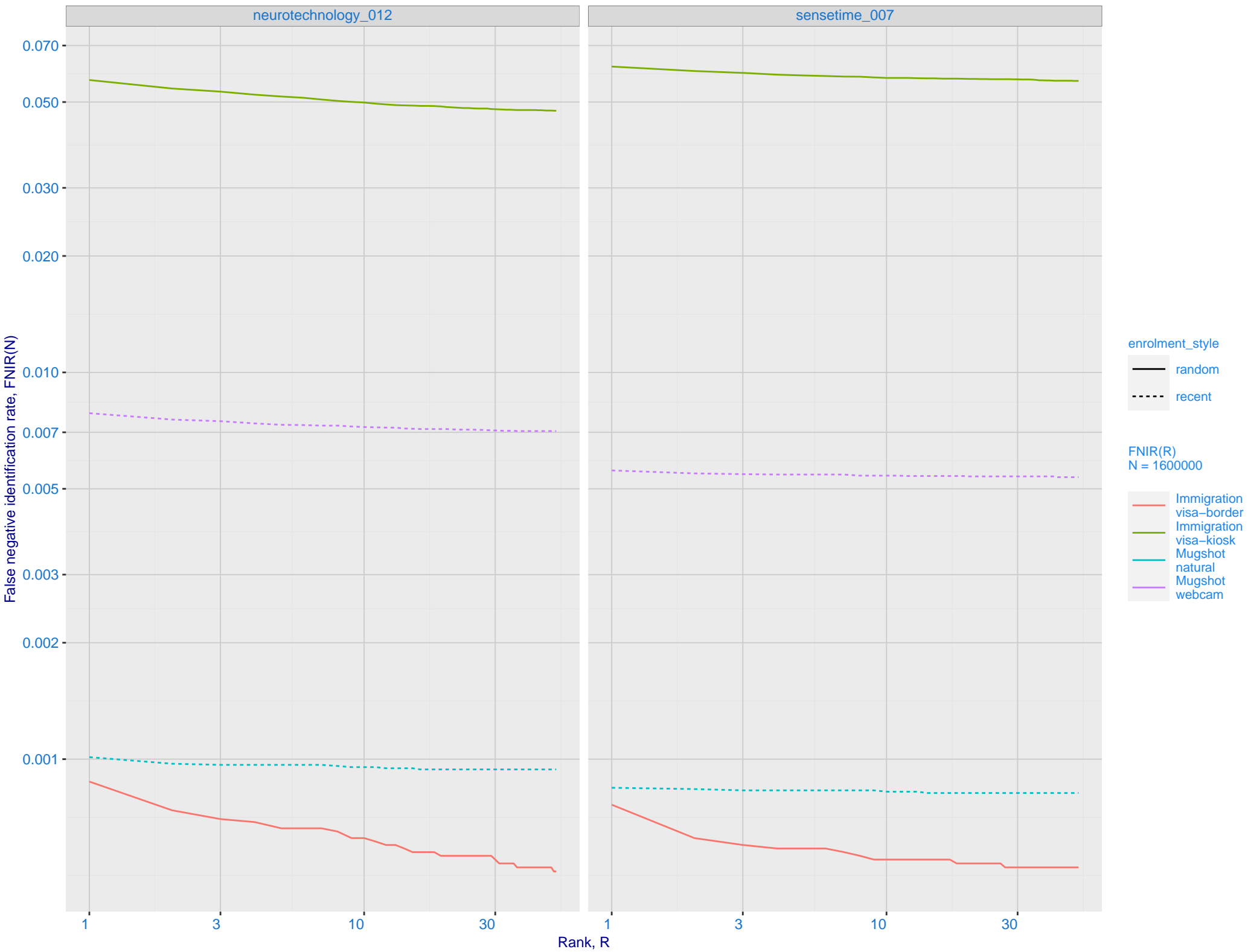
I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold
Dataset is border−border with time−lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10−15 years later than enrollment image
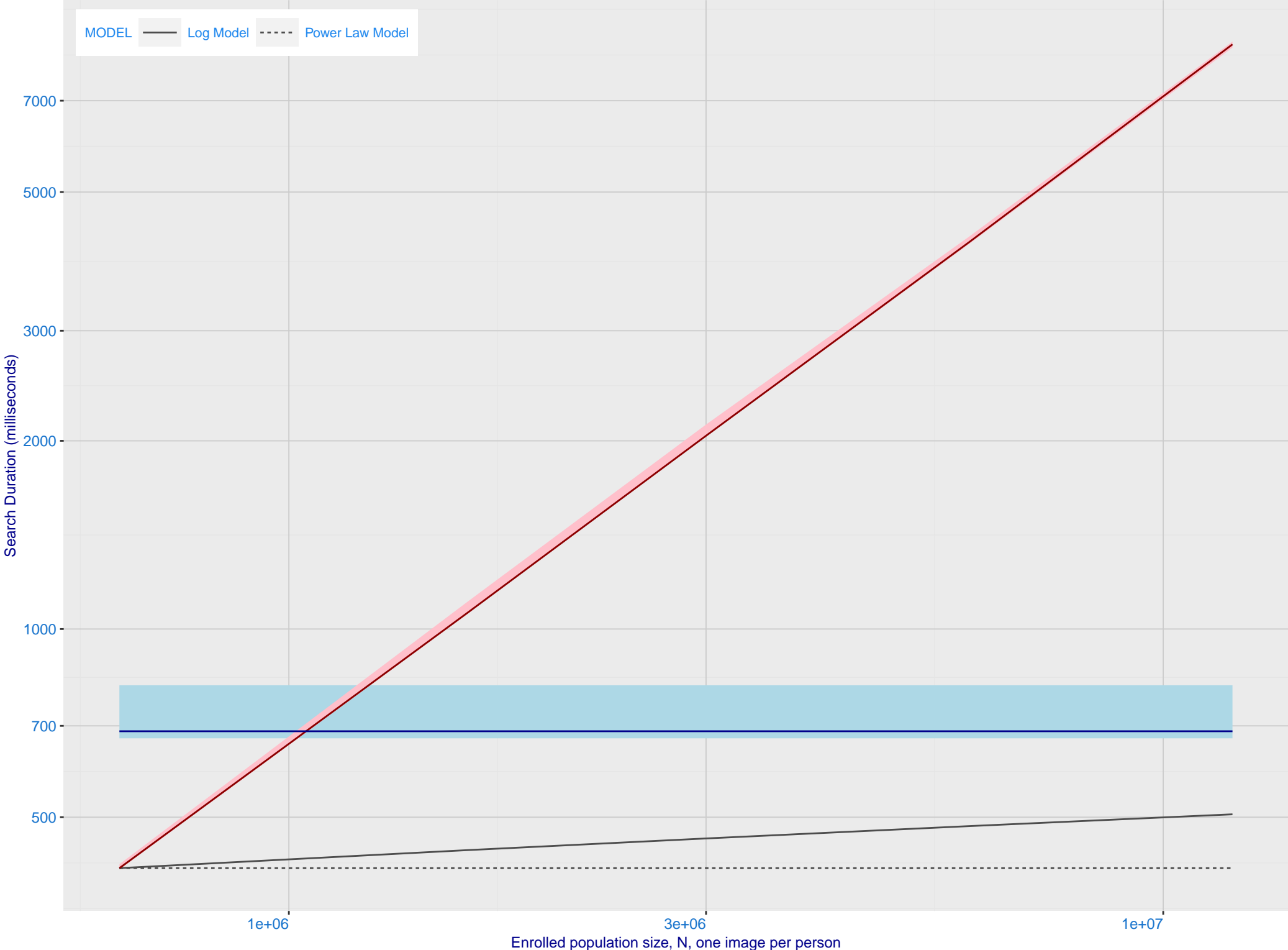
J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.

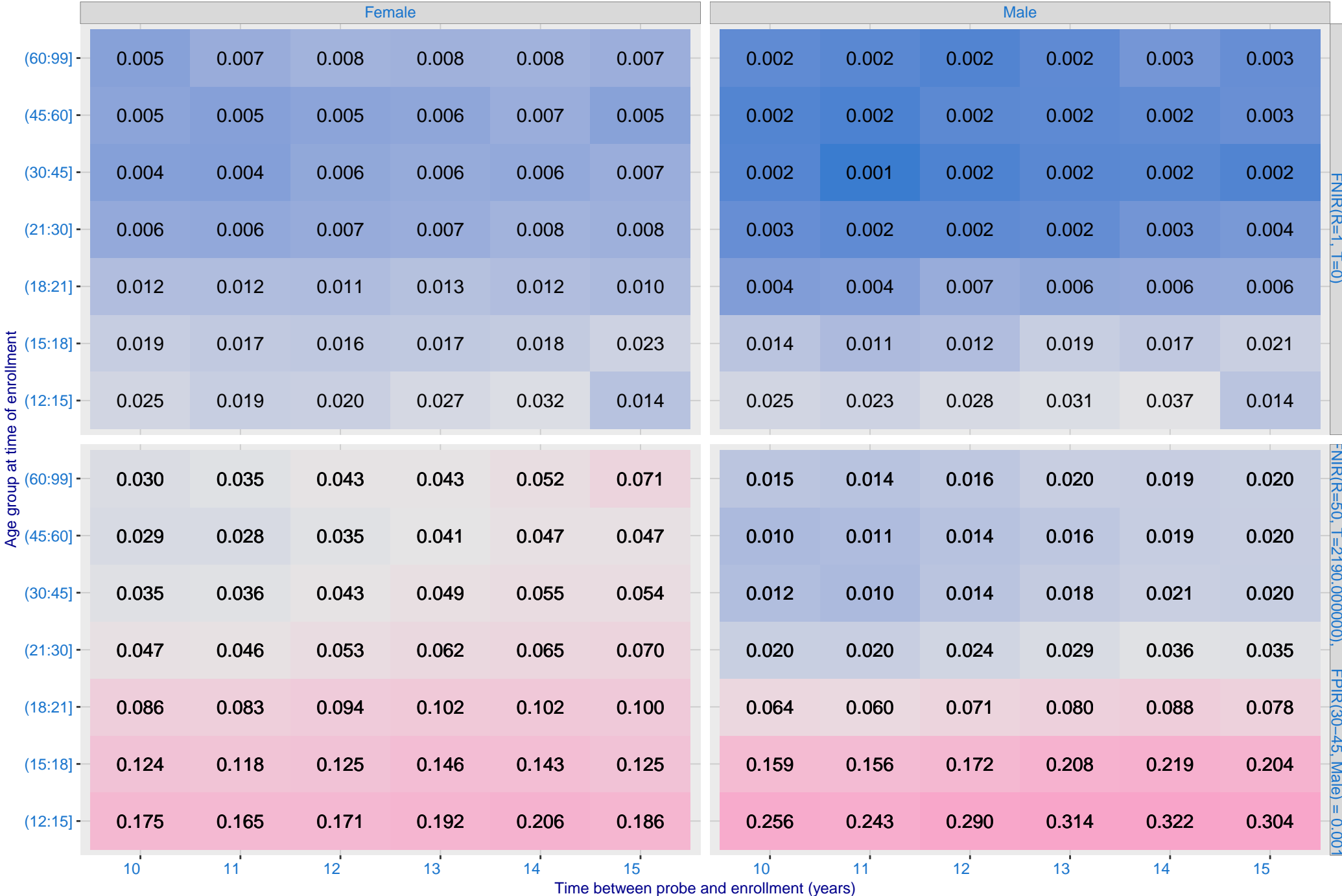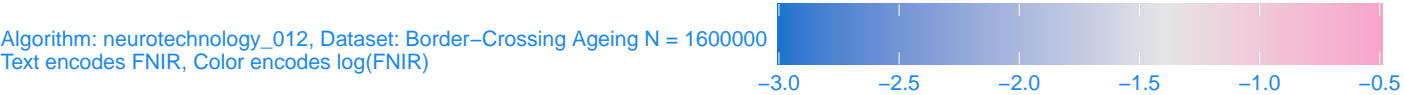K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007)

L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type

M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power−law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations
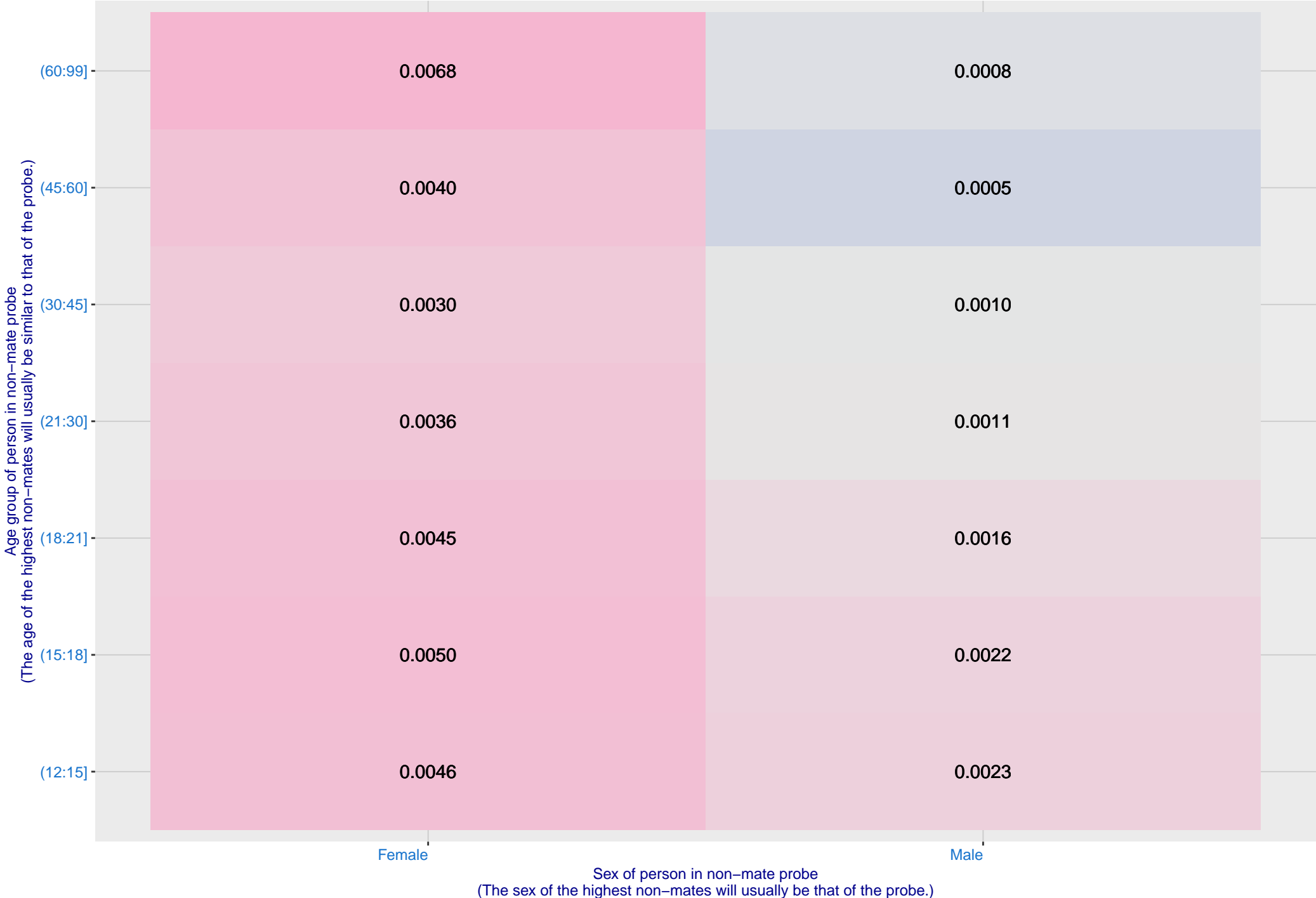
O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time–lapse. The top row gives investigational rank–1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights–out identification with low FPIR.

Algorithm: neurotechnology_012, Dataset: Border–Crossing Ageing N = 1600000
Text encodes FNIR, Color encodes log(FNIR)

P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.

Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing

Dataset: 2018 Mugshot   N = 3068801

Legend: (00,02] (02,04] (04,06] (06,08] (08,10] (10,12] (12,14] (14,18]

FPIR | Rank

cloudwalk_hr_000

False negative identification rate (FNIR)

False positive identification rate, FPIR   or   Rank, R